

Product information Cyw12 protective input liquid level transmitter





Cywl2 protective input liquid level transmitter adopts double isolation diaphragm inside and integral welding process outside, which makes it have superior anti condensation function. It is mainly used in liquid level measurement sites with large medium temperature changes and humid environment

Range: 0 ~ 1 ~ 200mh2o Output: 4 ~ 20mA, RS485 Power supply: 9 ~ 36VDC

In addition, we can also provide customized products that meet the application needs of customers in a short time according to their applications.

Typical application

▲River Hubo water level measurement

▲Water level measurement of containers and storage systems

▲Water treatment plant

▲water cycle

▲Water well level measurement

Instructions

The input liquid level transmitter is designed to continuously measure the change of liquid level. The operator is responsible for checking whether the equipment is suitable for the working conditions of the application. If you have any questions, please contact our sales department to ensure the correct application of the transmitter. The company does not assume any responsibility for the impact caused by improper model selection.

The user must ensure that the measured medium is compatible with the contact material of the transmitter.

⚠ Warning!

Improper use can lead to danger!

Icon description

⚠ Danger! - A dangerous situation that could result in death or serious injury.

Marning! - A potentially hazardous situation that could result in death or serious injury.

 $! \;\;$ Be careful! - A potentially hazardous situation that may result in minor injury.

**Reminder! - A potentially hazardous situation that may cause personal injury.

⚠ Tips! - Tips and information to ensure trouble free operation of the equipment.

User

⚠ Warning! This information is applicable to technicians.

Product features

- a) Diaphragm isolation technology using diffused silicon pressure sensor
- b) Cable connection, direct use, easy installation
- c) The amplifier circuit adopts integrated chip and wide voltage supply
- d) Anti blocking and anti scaling
- e) Lightning protection, frequency cut-off interference design and strong anti-interference ability
- f) Wiring reverse and overvoltage protection, current limiting protection (current limiting output)
- g) Good stability and fast response

Product overview

This liquid level transmitter adopts OEM pressure sensor with stainless steel isolation diaphragm as signal measuring element, which has been automatically tested by computer and compensated for zero point and sensitivity temperature in a wide temperature range by laser resistance adjustment process. The amplification circuit is located in the stainless steel shell, which converts the sensor signal into standard output signal, gives full play to the technical advantages of the sensor, and makes cywll series liquid level transmitter have excellent performance. It has the advantages of anti-interference, small temperature drift, high stability and high measurement accuracy. It is an ideal liquid level measuring instrument in the field of industrial automation.

Working principle

The formula of the pressure on the liquid level of the sensor is: $P = \rho$ GH + Po, where:

P: Pressure on the liquid surface of the sensor (hereinafter referred to as pressure for convenience of understanding)

 ρ : Measured liquid density (1g / cm by default during commissioning) ³) g: Gravity acceleration (9.8m/s by default during commissioning) ²) Po: atmospheric pressure above the liquid level

h: Depth of liquid input into the sensor

When the sensor is put into a certain depth of the measured liquid, the pressure of the measured medium is introduced into the positive pressure chamber of the sensor, and the atmospheric pressure Po on the liquid level is connected with the negative pressure chamber of the sensor through the cable air duct to offset the Po on the front of the sensor, so that the pressure measured by the sensor is: p GH, obviously, the liquid level depth can be obtained by measuring the pressure P.



Technical parameter

Measuring medium: water (H2O) or liquid compatible with contact material Measurement range: 0 $^{\sim}$ 1 $^{\sim}$ 200mh2o (see range selection table for details)

Medium temperature: -40 $^{\sim}$ 85 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

Response frequency: analog signal output \leqslant 50Hz, digital signal output \leqslant 5Hz

Stability: \pm 0.1% FS / year Power supply voltage: 9 $^{\sim}$ 36VDC Signal output: 4 $^{\sim}$ 20mA, RS485 Overload capacity: 200% of full scale Temperature compensation: -10 $^{\sim}$ 70 $^{\circ}$ C

Temperature drift: \pm 0.01% FS / $^{\circ}$ C (within the temperature compensation range)

 \pm 0.05% FS / °C (outside the temperature compensation range) Accuracy grade: 0.25% FS (range \geq 10m), 0.5% FS (range < 10m)

Note: reference conditions: temperature 15 $^{\sim}$ 25 $^{\circ}$ C, atmospheric pressure 86 $^{\sim}$ 106kpa, humidity 45 $^{\sim}$ 75% RH.

Protection grade: IP68

Overall weight: probe \approx 410g cable \approx 60g per meter

Connection time: 400ms

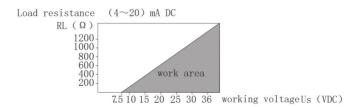
Maximum power

output power	≤0.02Us(W)	≤0.015Us(W)
4∼20mA	√	
RS485		~

Note: us= supply voltage.

Load characteristics

Current type: load \leqslant {(us-7.5) \div 0.02} Ω (us= supply voltage)





Environment condition

Ambient temperature: -40 $^{\sim}$ 85 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

$Electromagnetic\ compatibility ({\tt EMC})$

Serial number	Test items	Basic standards	Test conditions	Performance level	
1	Radiated interference (enclosure)	GB/T 9254/CISPR22	30MHz-1000MHz	qualified	
2	Conducted interference (DC power port)	GB/T 9254/CISPR22	0.15MHz-30MHz	qualified	
3	Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	GB/T 17626. 2/IEC61000-4-2	4kV(触点), 8kV (空气)	B(Note 2)	
4	Radio frequency electromagnetic field immunity	GB/T 17626.3/IEC61000-4-3	10V/m(80MHz-1GHz)	A(Note 1)	
5	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	GB/T 17626.8/IEC61000-4-8	30A/m	A(Note 1)	
6	Electrical fast transient burst immunity	GB/T 17626.4/IEC61000-4-4	2kV(5/50ns, 100kHz)	B(Note 2)	
7		OD /71 45000 5 / TD004000 4 5	500V (Between lines)	B(Note 2)	
1	Surge immunity	GB/T 17626. 5/IEC61000-4-5	1kV (Between ground wires) (1.2us/50us)		
8	Immunity to conducted interference induced by RF field	GB/T 17626.6/IEC61000-4-6	3V(150kHz-80MHz)	A(Note 1)	

Note 1: when the performance grade is a, the performance is normal within the limits of the technical specifications.

Note 2: when the performance level is level B, the function or performance is temporarily reduced or lost, but can be recovered by itself, and the actual operation status, storage and data will not change.

Overall material

Diaphragm: 316L stainless steel (contact with the measured medium)

Shell: 304 stainless steel (contact with the measured medium)

Seal: nitrile rubber (contact with the measured medium)

Cable: Polyurethane $\, \varphi \,$ 7.2 air conducting cable (contact with the measured medium)

Mechanical stability

Seismic performance: 10g (20... 2000Hz) in line with iec60068-2-6 standard

Impact resistance: 500 g/ms, complying with iec60068-2-27 standard

Electrical protection

Short circuit protection: permanent $% \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac$

Reverse pole protection: no damage, but it does not work

Insulation resistance: \geqslant 100m $\Omega,$ 500VDC

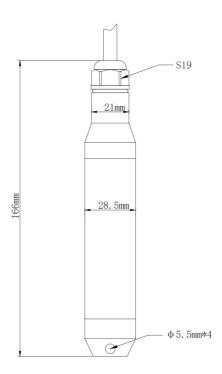
Insulation strength: 500VAC



Output limit

	Output minimum	Maximum output
4-20mA	4mA	20mA
RS485	0	2000

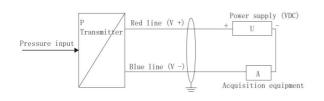
Shape and dimension

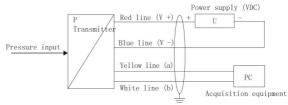


Wiring diagram

Current output wiring diagram (two-wire system)

RS485 (digital signal) output wiring diagram (four wire system)





Represents shielded wire, and all marked grounding points must be effectively grounded.

Fly you need to install an extension cable, please ensure that the wiring part is dry and ventilated.



 $Protocol\ description ({\tt limited\ to\ RS485\ signal\ output,\ all\ product\ addresses\ are\ 01\ by\ default,\ and\ the\ data\ is\ hexadecimal)}$

Basic technical parameters of transmitter

This protocol complies with Modbus communication protocol and adopts the centralized RTU mode in Modbus protocol. RS485 half duplex working mode

- a) Output signal: RS485 (the distance can be up to 1000m. A total of 32 channels can be connected)
- b) Standard Modbus RTU protocol (03 function reads data, 06 function writes setting data)
- c) Data format: 9600, N, 8,1 (9600bps, no verification, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit)
- d) Measuring range: 0-x (M...)
- e) Resolution: 0.05%
- f) Output data: O... 2000 (customized for other ranges)
- g) Response frequency: ≤ 5Hz
- h) Response speed: ≥ 10ms
- (if there is temperature output, the default range is 20 $^{\sim}$ 60 $^{\circ}$ C, and the corresponding output data is 0... 800)

Modbus RTU read data 03 command description

	Device address	Function code	Data address	Number of read data	16crc code (low front high rear)
Host command	Address	03	00 00	CN	CRC0 CRC1
	Device address	Function code	Data byte	Sensor data	16crc code (low front high rear)
Return from machine	Address	03	02*CN	S_HN , S_LN	CRC0 CRC1

Communication examples

For example, the address of 0-5m sensor communication equipment is set to 01, that is [address]=01 (address range 01-254);

At this time, crc0=84, crc1=0a. Then the data sent and returned are as follows:

Send: 01 03 00 00 01 840a Return: 010302 AC B9 59

O2ac is hexadecimal, converted to decimal 684;

Data output: 0-2000 corresponds to 0-5m, so the current liquid level is p=5*684/2000=1.71m

Query example

Reading the current device address can only be completed independently by a single offline sensor

Send FF 03 00 0f 00 01 A1 D7 Return to FF 030200015050

Then: the address of this device is 01 (hexadecimal)



Detailed description of Modbus RTU write 06 command

	Device address	Function code	Data address	New address	16crc code (low front high rear)	
Host command	Address	06	00 OF	ΗL	CRC0 CRC1	
	Device address	Function code	Data address	New address	16crc code (low front high rear)	
Return from machine	Address	06	00 OF	H L	CRC0 CRC1	

Modification example

If the O1 address is changed to O9 address:

Send 01 06 00 0f 00 09 79 CF

Return to 01 06 00 0f 00 09 79 CF

Then the original address 01 is successfully changed to 09. The modified address can be modified offline or online. After completion, it can work directly without power on again.

Parameter selection

CYW	Liqui	quid level transmitter						
	Code	Transı	ansmitter type					
	12	Protec	otective input type					
		Code	Range	e 0 ~	200mh	2o (op	tional in the middle)	
		LX	(LX)	x: is	the	requir	ed range (Note 1)	
			Code	Cab1	e len	gth		
			BX	(BX)	x: i	s the	cable length (Note 2)	
				Code	sigr	al out	put	
				A1	4-20)mA	Two wire system	
				RS	RS485	communio	cation interface (standard Modbus RTU protocol) four wire system	
				DZ	cust	omized		
					Code Accuracy class			
					В	0.25%	%FS	
					С	0.5%F	rs .	
						Code	Supply voltage	
						G5	9-36VDC	
	DZ customized							
					Code customized			
							D Other customization requirements	
							No customized	
CYW	12	L5	В7	A1	C G5 Example of model selection			
Fo	For example: cyw12-15-b7-al-c-g5 (protective input liquid level transmitter, range 0-5m, cable 7m,							

output 4-20mA, accuracy 0.5, power supply 9-36vdc).

Note 1: (LX) x: is the required range, such as 0-5m range, and the code should be L5. The following table shows the recommended range selection

Note 2: default BX (line length) =1x (range) +2 meters

 Normal range (MHzO)
 0-1m
 0-2m
 0-3m
 0-5m
 0-8m
 0-10m

 Conventional linelength(m)
 3m
 4m
 5m
 7m
 10m
 12m



Ordering instructions

⚠ Warning!

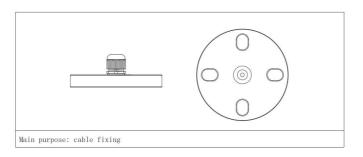
When ordering the transmitter, users should pay attention to selecting the appropriate specification according to the temperature of the medium and environmental conditions.

ordering information

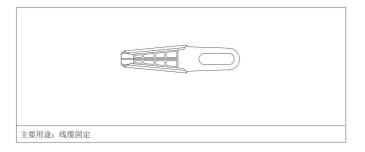
 ${\tt Model\ /\ range\ /\ cable\ length\ /\ output\ signal\ /\ accuracy\ level\ /\ power\ supply\ voltage\ /\ Customization}$

Accessories (to be purchased separately)

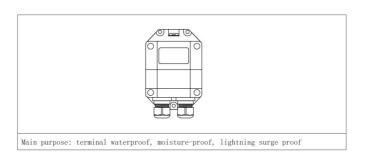
Cable fixing flange-f103



Cable fixing hanger-x01



Waterproof and breathable junction box - FSH







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