

# Product information

## Cyw19 absolute pressure input liquid level transmitter



Cyw19 absolute pressure input liquid level transmitter adopts absolute pressure measurement process inside, and the internal cavity is completely isolated from the outside. It avoids the transmitter damage caused by internal condensation and cavity filling caused by the field use environment. It is suitable for harsh liquid level measurement sites.

Range: 0 ~ 0.2 ~ 2MPa (a)

Output: 4 ~ 20mA, RS485

Power supply: 9 ~ 36VDC

In addition, we can also provide customized products that meet the application needs of customers in a short time according to their applications.

### Typical applications

- ▲Urban sewage well survey
- ▲Liquid level measurement of underground pipe network
- ▲Water level measurement of vessels and storage systems
- ▲water cycle

## Instructions

This input liquid level transmitter is designed to continuously measure the change of liquid level. The operator is responsible for checking whether the equipment is suitable for the working conditions of the application. If you have any questions, please contact our sales department to ensure the correct application of the transmitter. The company will not bear any responsibility for the impact caused by improper model selection.

The user must ensure that the measured medium is compatible with the contact material of the transmitter.

**⚠ Warning!**

Improper use will lead to danger!

## Icon description

**⚠ Danger!** - A dangerous situation that could result in death or serious injury.

**⚠ Warning!** - A potentially hazardous situation that could result in death or serious injury.

**! Be careful!** - A potentially hazardous situation that may result in minor injury.

**👉 Reminder!** - A potentially hazardous situation that may cause personal injury.

**⚠ Tips!** - Tips and information to ensure trouble free operation of the equipment.

User

**⚠ Warning!** This information is applicable to technicians.

## Product features

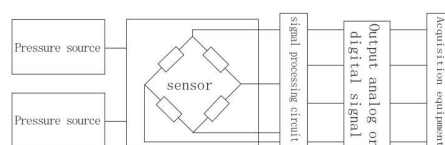
- a) Diaphragm isolation technology using diffused silicon pressure sensor
- b) Cable connection, direct use, easy installation
- c) The amplifier circuit adopts integrated chip and wide voltage supply
- d) Anti blocking and anti scaling
- e) Lightning protection, frequency cut-off interference design, strong anti-interference ability
- f) Wiring reverse and overvoltage protection, current limiting protection
- g) Good stability, anti condensation, anti liquid filling

## Product overview

This liquid level transmitter adopts OEM pressure sensor with stainless steel isolation diaphragm as the signal measuring element, with internal sealing treatment and external laser welding process, so that it has the function of anti condensation in the cavity. After computer automatic test, the zero point and sensitivity temperature compensation in a wide temperature range are carried out with laser resistance adjustment process. It has anti-interference, small temperature drift, high stability and high measurement accuracy. It is an ideal liquid level measuring instrument in the field of industrial automation.

## Working principle

The sensor spreads a Wheatstone bridge on the monocrystalline silicon chip, and the pressure of the measured medium (gas or liquid) changes the resistance value of the bridge wall (piezoresistive effect), generating a differential voltage signal. This signal is transformed into a standard analog signal (as shown in the figure below) or a digital signal through a special amplifier.



## Technical parameter

Measuring medium: liquid or gas (compatible with contact materials)  
 range < 10KPA (non conductor, non corrosive, non explosive gas, humidity  $\leq$  90%rh, no condensation).  
 Pressure range: -100kpa  $\sim$  0  $\sim$  100MPa (see range selection table for details)  
 Pressure mode: gauge pressure, absolute pressure and negative pressure  
 Medium temperature: -40  $\sim$  85  $^{\circ}$ C  
 Stability:  $\pm$  0.1% fs/ year  
 Temperature drift:  $\pm$  0.01%fs/  $^{\circ}$ C (within the temperature compensation range)  
 $\pm$  0.05%fs/  $^{\circ}$ C (outside the temperature compensation range)  
 Protection grade: IP66  
 Display form: LCD  
 Durability: 10X10<sup>6</sup>cycles (cycles from lower range to upper range)  
 Overall weight:  $\approx$  5.5kg

## Protocol parameters

Network system: NB IOT  
 Upload information: data, battery power, signal strength  
 Sending interval: 15min  $\sim$  24h/ time (2h/ time by default)  
 Sending time:  $\approx$  12s/ time  
 Transmission power consumption:  $\approx$  0.5ma/ time  
 Acquisition frequency: 1  $\sim$  30 times in the transmission interval (30 times by default)  
 Acquisition time:  $\approx$  1s/ time  
 Acquisition power consumption:  $\approx$  0.002ma/ time

## Battery parameters

Working power supply: 3.6V 19ah  
 Battery life: depends on acquisition and transmission frequency (ignoring environmental and time factors)  
 Annual SLEEP power consumption is 0.7ah  
 For example:the transmission interval is 1h, the acquisition frequency is 30 times, and the battery life is  $\leq$ 3.3 years  
 For example:the transmission interval is 2h, the acquisition frequency is 30 times, and the battery life is  $\leq$ 6 years

## Accuracy class

Range	Standard configuration (temperature compensation -10 $\sim$ 70 $^{\circ}$ C)	Optional (temperature compensation -40 $\sim$ 80 $^{\circ}$ C)
Range $\geq$ 100kPa	0.25%FS	0.1%FS
10kPa $\leq$ Range < 100kPa	0.5%FS	0.25%FS
Range < 10kPa	1%FS	0.5%FS

Note: reference conditions: temperature 15  $\sim$  25  $^{\circ}$ C, atmospheric pressure 86  $\sim$  106kpa, humidity 45  $\sim$  75%RH.

## environment condition

Ambient temperature: -40  $\sim$  85  $^{\circ}$ C  
 Ambient humidity: 0%  $\sim$  95%rh (no condensation and condensation)

## Environment condition

Ambient temperature:  $-40 \sim 85$  °C

## Electromagnetic compatibility(EMC)

Serial number	Test items	Basic standards	Test conditions	Performance level
1	Radiated interference (enclosure)	GB/T 9254/CISPR22	30MHz-1000MHz	qualified
2	Conducted interference (DC power port)	GB/T 9254/CISPR22	0.15MHz-30MHz	qualified
3	Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	GB/T 17626.2/IEC61000-4-2	4kV(触点), 8kV(空气)	B(Note 2)
4	Radio frequency electromagnetic field immunity	GB/T 17626.3/IEC61000-4-3	10V/m( 80MHz-1GHz)	A(Note 1)
5	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	GB/T 17626.8/IEC61000-4-8	30A/m	A(Note 1)
6	Electrical fast transient burst immunity	GB/T 17626.4/IEC61000-4-4	2kV(5/50ns, 100kHz)	B(Note 2)
7	Surge immunity	GB/T 17626.5/IEC61000-4-5	500V(Between lines) 1kV(Between ground wires)(1.2us/50us)	B(Note 2)
8	Immunity to conducted interference induced by RF field	GB/T 17626.6/IEC61000-4-6	3V(150kHz-80MHz)	A(Note 1)

Note 1: when the performance grade is a, the performance is normal within the limits of the technical specifications.  
 Note 2: when the performance level is level B, the function or performance is temporarily reduced or lost, but can be recovered by itself, and the actual operation status, storage and data will not change.

## Overall material

Diaphragm: 316L stainless steel (contact with the measured medium)

Shell: 304 stainless steel (contact with the measured medium)

Seal: nitrile rubber (contact with the measured medium)

Cable: Polyurethane  $\phi$  5 shielded cable (contact with the measured medium)

## Mechanical stability

Seismic performance: 10g (20... 2000Hz) in line with iec60068-2-6 standard

Impact resistance: 500g/ms, complying with iec60068-2-27 standard

## Electrical protection

Short circuit protection: permanent

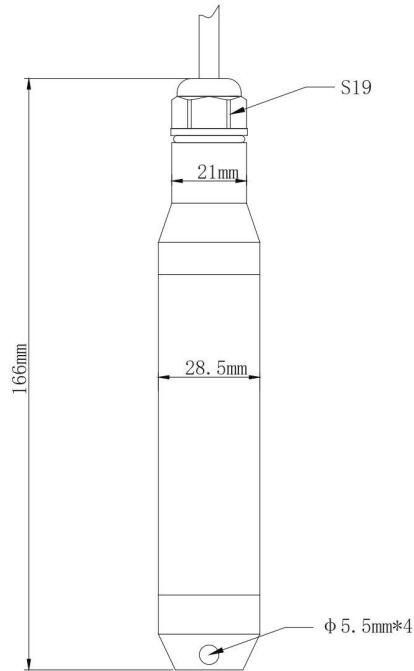
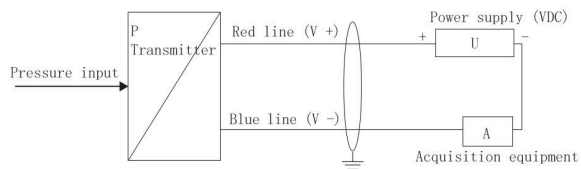
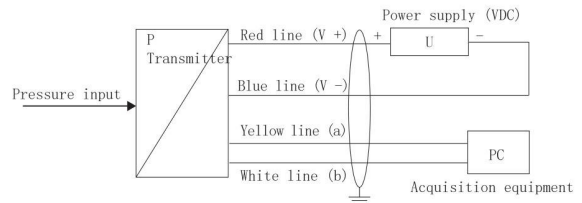
Reverse pole protection: no damage, but it does not work

Insulation resistance:  $\geq 100m \Omega$ , 500VDC

Insulation strength: 500VAC

**Output limit**

	Output minimum	Maximum output
4-20mA	4mA	20mA

**Shape and dimension**

**Wiring diagram**
**Current output wiring diagram (two-wire system)**

**RS485 (digital signal) output wiring diagram (four wire system)**


 Represents shielded wire, and all marked grounding points must be effectively grounded.

## Protocol description (limited to RS485 signal output, the address is 01 by default, and the data is hexadecimal)

### Basic technical parameters of transmitter

This protocol complies with Modbus communication protocol and adopts the centralized RTU mode in Modbus protocol RS485 half duplex working mode

- a) Output signal: RS485 (the distance can be up to 1000m. 32 channels at most)
- b) Standard Modbus RTU protocol (03 function reads data, 06 function writes setting data)
- c) Data format: 9600, N, 8,1 (9600bps, no verification, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit)
- d) Measuring range: 0-x (MPa, kPa...)
- e) Resolution: 0.05%
- f) Output data: 0... 2000 (customized for other ranges)
- g) Response frequency:  $\leq 5\text{Hz}$
- h) Response speed:  $\geq 10\text{m}$

### Modbus RTU read data 03 command description

	Device address	Function code	Data address	Number of read data	16crc code (low front high rear)
Host command	Address	03	00 00	CN	CRC0 CRC1
	Device address	Function code	Data byte	Sensor data	16crc code (low front high rear)
Host command	Address	03	02*CN	S_HN , S_LN	CRC0 CRC1

### Communication examples

The address of 0-0.6mpa sensor communication equipment is set to 01, that is [address]=01 (address range 01-254);

At this time, crc0=84, crc1=0a.

Then the data sent and returned are as follows:

Send: 01 03 00 00 01 840a

Return: 010302 AC B9 59

02ac is hexadecimal, converted to decimal 684;

Data output: 0-2000 corresponds to 0-0.6mpa, so the current pressure is  $p=0.6*684/2000=0.2052\text{mpa}$

Calculation formula:  $(\text{upper range} - \text{lower range}) \div 2000 * \text{current data} + \text{lower range} = \text{current pressure value}$

### Query example

Reading the current device address can only be completed independently by a single offline sensor

Send FF 03 00 0f 00 01 A1 D7

Return to FF 030200015050

Then: the address of this device is 01 (hexadecimal)

### Detailed description of Modbus RTU write 06 command

	Device address	Function code	Data address	new address	16crc code (low front high rear)
Host command	Address	06	00 0F	H L	CRC0 CRC1
	Device address	Function code	Data address	new address	16crc code (low front high rear)
Host command	Address	06	00 0F	H L	CRC0 CRC1

### Modification example

If the 01 address is changed to 09 address:

Send 01 06 00 0f 00 09 79 CF return 01 06 00 0f 00 09 79 CF

Then the original address 01 is changed to 09 successfully. The modified address can be modified offline or online.

After completion, it can work directly without power on again.

## Parameter selection

CYW	Liquid level transmitter						
	Code	Transmitter type					
	19	Absolute pressure input type					
		Code	Measuring range				
		32	0~0.2MPa (A)				
		33	0~0.5MPa (A)				
		34	0~1MPa (A)				
		85	0~1.5MPa (A)				
		35	0~2MPa (A)				
		67	customized				
		Code	Cable length				
		BX	(BX) x: is the cable length				
		Code	signal output				
		A1	4-20mA Two wire system				
		RS	RS485 communication interface (standard Modbus RTU protocol) four wire system				
		DZ	customized				
		Code	Accuracy class				
		S	0.1%FS (customized)				
		B	0.25%FS (general)				
		Code	Supply voltage				
		G5	9-36VDC				
		DZ	customized				
		Code	customized				
		D	Other customization requirements				
		No	routine				
CYW	19	32	B7	A1	B	G5	Example of model selection
For example: cyw19-32-b7-a1-b-g5 (absolute pressure input liquid level transmitter, range 0.2MPa (a), cable 7m, output 4-20mA, accuracy 0.25, power supply 9-36vdc).							

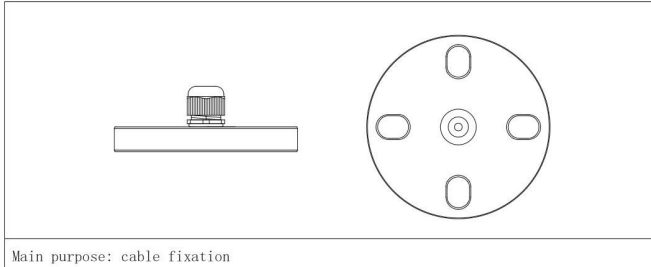
## Ordering instructions

**⚠ Warning!**

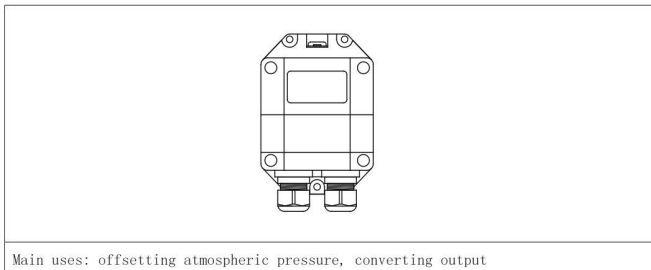
When ordering the transmitter, users should pay attention to selecting the appropriate specification according to the temperature of the medium and environmental conditions.

ordering information

Model / range / cable length / output signal / accuracy level / power supply voltage / Customization

**Accessories** (to be purchased separately)**Cable fixing flange-f103**

Main purpose: cable fixation

**Conversion box Zfh**

Main uses: offsetting atmospheric pressure, converting output

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